

Conditional trade-offs regulate Drosophila reproduction and lifespan

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In the 1930's, Clive McCay demonstrated that moderate dietary restriction (DR) could extend the lifespan of white rats. Since this time, some form of dietary restriction has been demonstrated to extend lifespan in organisms as diverse as yeast, water striders, flies and monkeys - but how?

In our lab, we are interested in refining the dietary manipulations that modify reproduction and lifespan in *Drosophila melanogaster*, in the hope that these manipulations will grant us insights into the mechanistic basis by which DR extends life. This work has taken us from the effects of calories to the dietary micronutrients. It turns out that the beneficial effects of diet restriction depend on the exact nature of the "diet" and "restriction" that is employed. I will discuss how these data bring us closer to understanding the mechanistic basis of DR.

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時間:10:30-12:00

場所:薬学部教育研究棟E10セミナー室

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