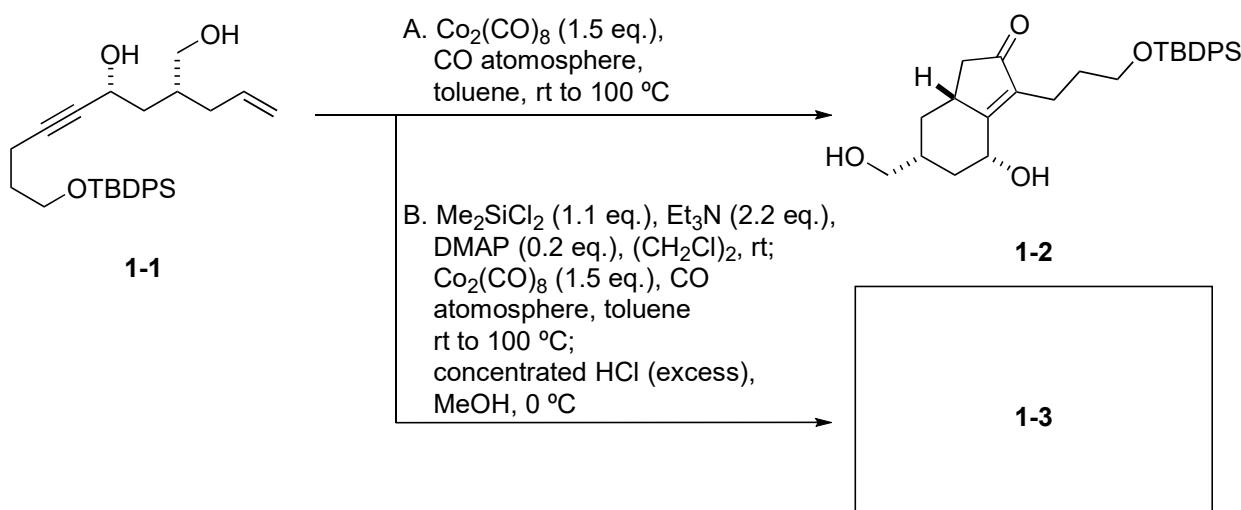


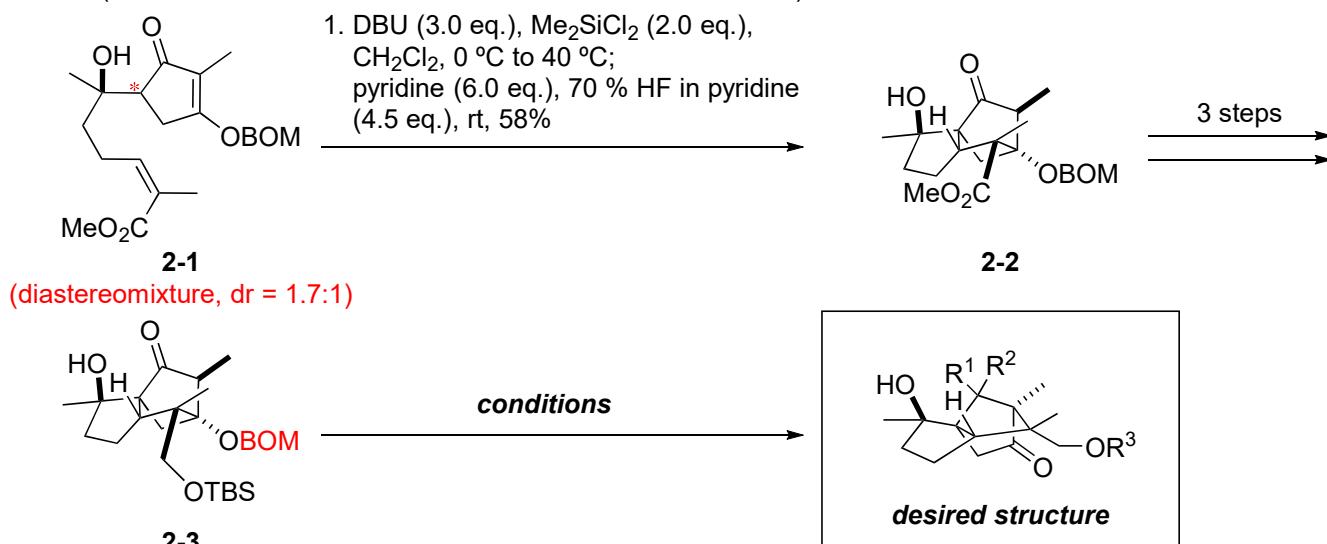
Problem Session (2)

2021.12.3 Junichi Taguchi

(1) Please provide the structure of **1-3** and explain the role of Me_2SiCl_2 .



(2) Please provide the reaction mechanism and choose the proper reaction condition in order to obtain the desired structure (Under one of the two conditions, an overreaction occurred).

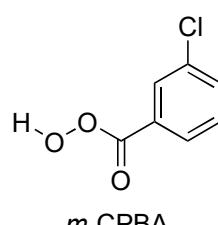
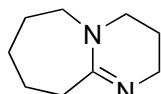
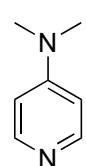


condition A:

1. AcCl/MeOH (1/5), 0 °C, 72%
2. Br_2 (1.7 eq.), AcOH (3.2 eq.),
 $\text{THF}/\text{Et}_2\text{O}$ (3/1), 0 °C
3. AgClO_4 (2.4 eq.), THF , rt,
54% (2 steps)

condition B:

1. $(\text{NH}_2)_2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (3.1 eq.), AcOH (8.5 eq.),
 EtOH , reflux
2. DBU (9.8 eq.), I_2 (3.9 eq.), THF , rt,
72% (2 steps)
3. $i\text{-PrMgCl}$ (2 M in Et_2O , 2.0 eq.), THF , 0 °C;
 $n\text{-BuLi}$ (2.25 M in hexane, 3.0 eq.), -78 °C;
 DMF (6.0 eq.), -78 °C to rt;
 NaBH_4 (8.0 eq.), MeOH , rt
4. $m\text{-CPBA}$ (ca. 70% with H_2O , ca. 2.0 eq.),
 CH_2Cl_2 , rt, 83% (2 steps)
5. $\text{CF}_3\text{CO}_2\text{H}$ (0.89 eq.), CHCl_3 , rt, 57%



Problem Session (2) -Answer-

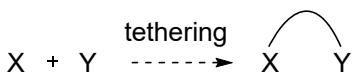
2021.12.3 Junichi Taguchi

Topic: Silicon tether approaches for regio- and stereoselectivity

0. Introduction (For more details: Bracegirdle, S.; Anderson, E. A. *Chem. Soc. Rev.* **2010**, 39, 4114.)

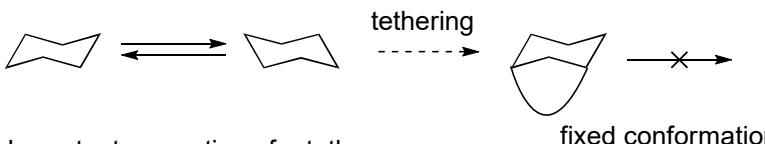
0-1. The advantage of the use of tethering

► intermolecular reaction → intramolecular reaction



- higher effective concentration of the reacting partners
- lower entropic demand on the free energy of activation

► greater regio- and stereoselectivity



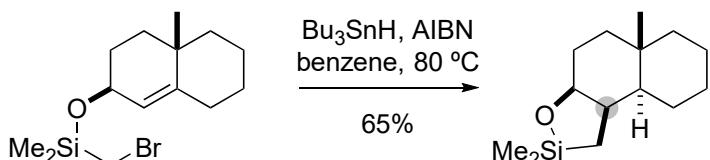
- inevitable increase in conformational restriction of the reaction state

0-2. Important properties of a tether

- readily introduced in high yields
 - stable to the reaction conditions
 - easily removed or converted into other functional groups
- Silicon-based functionalities are ideal.

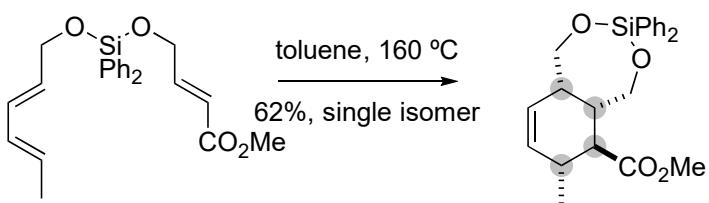
0-3. Examples of applications of temporary silicon tethers

0-3-1. Radical cyclization



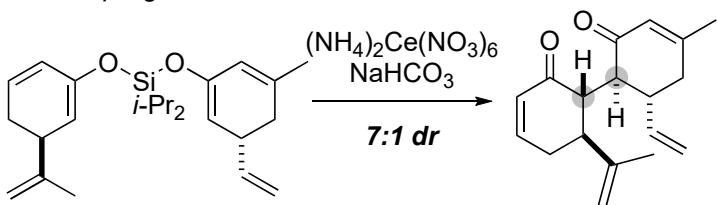
Stork, G.; Kahn, M. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1985**, 107, 500.

0-3-2. Cycloaddition



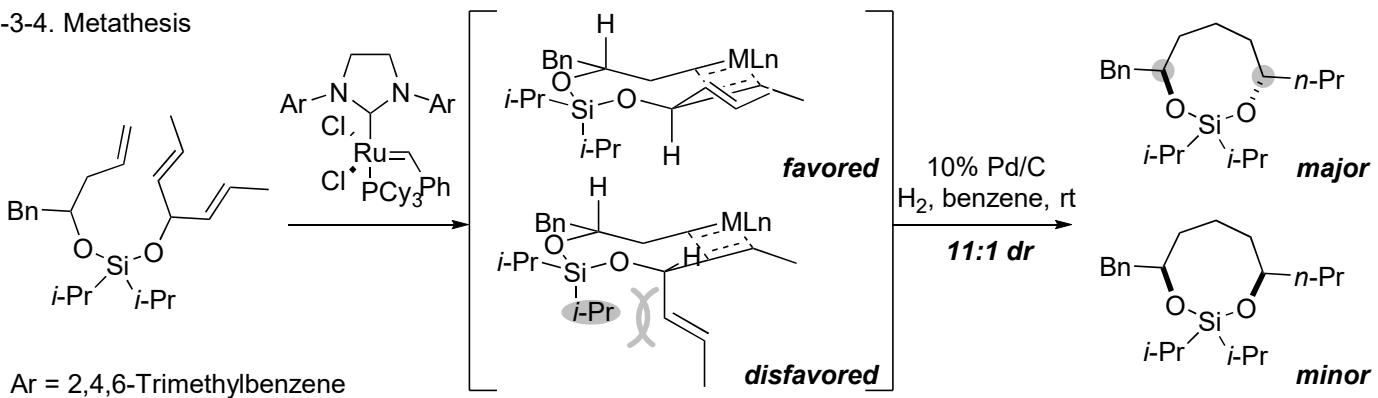
Craig, D.; Reader, J. C. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1990**, 31, 6585.

0-3-3. Coupling reaction



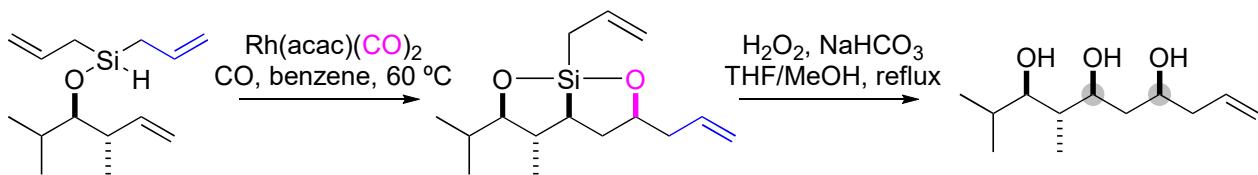
Robinson, E. E.; Thomson, R. J. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2018**, 140, 1956.

0-3-4. Metathesis



Evans, P. A.; Cui, J.; Buffone, G. P. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2003**, 42, 1734.

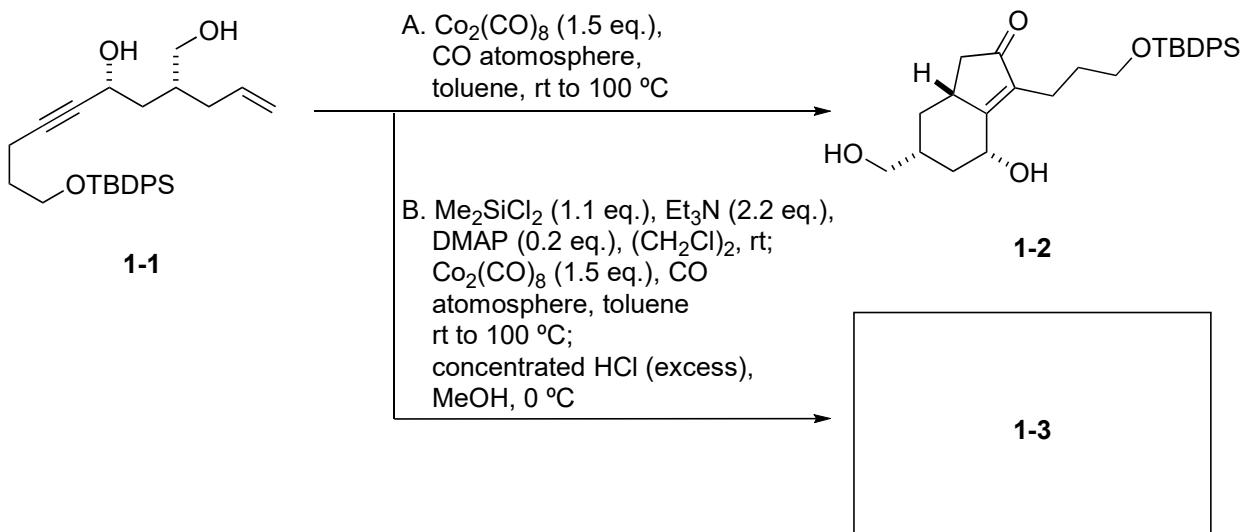
0-3-5 Hydrosilylation and carbosilylation



See also 151128_PS_Masaki_Koshimizu
Zacuto, M.; Leighton, J. L. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2000**, 122, 8587.

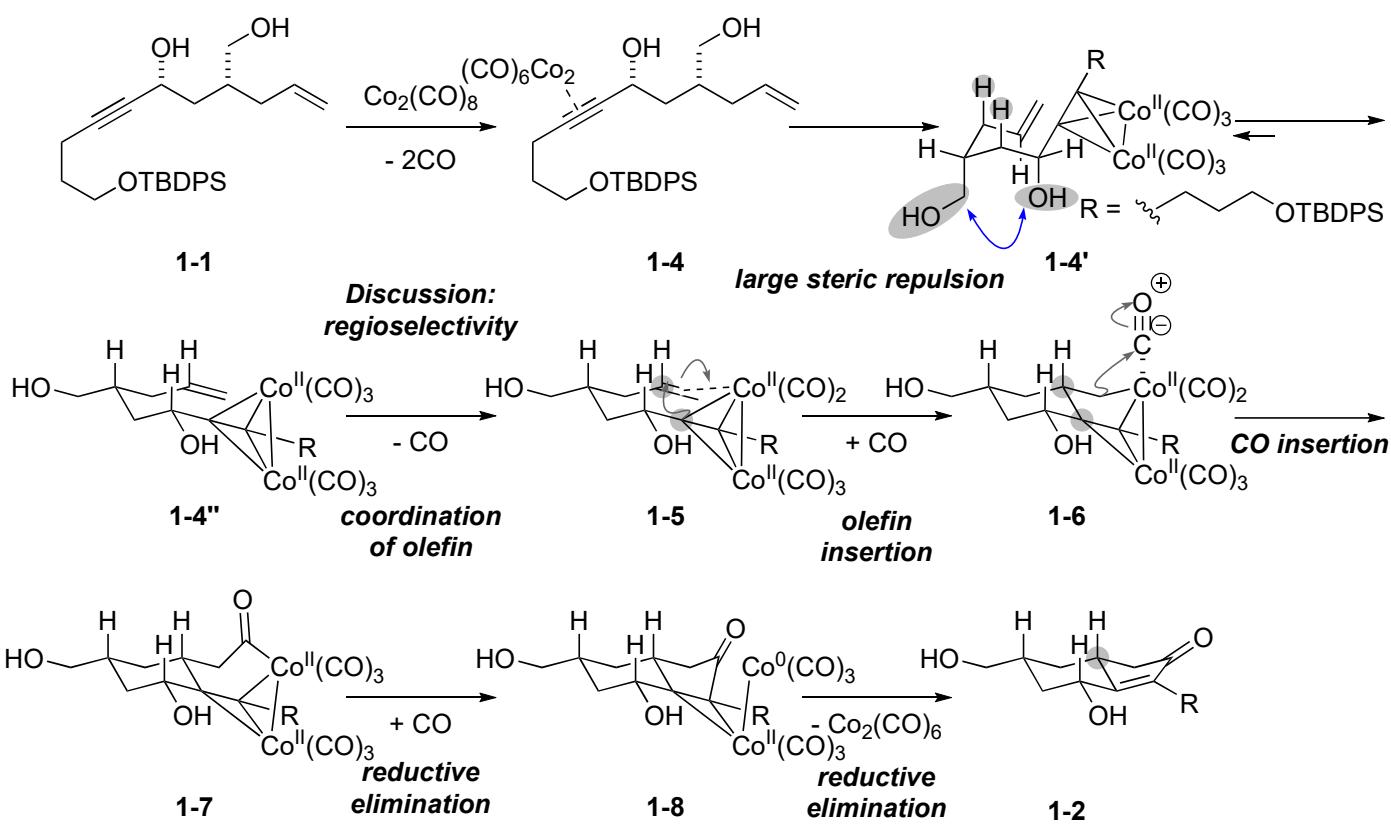
1. Problem 1

(1) Please provide the structure of **1-3** and explain the role of Me_2SiCl_2 .

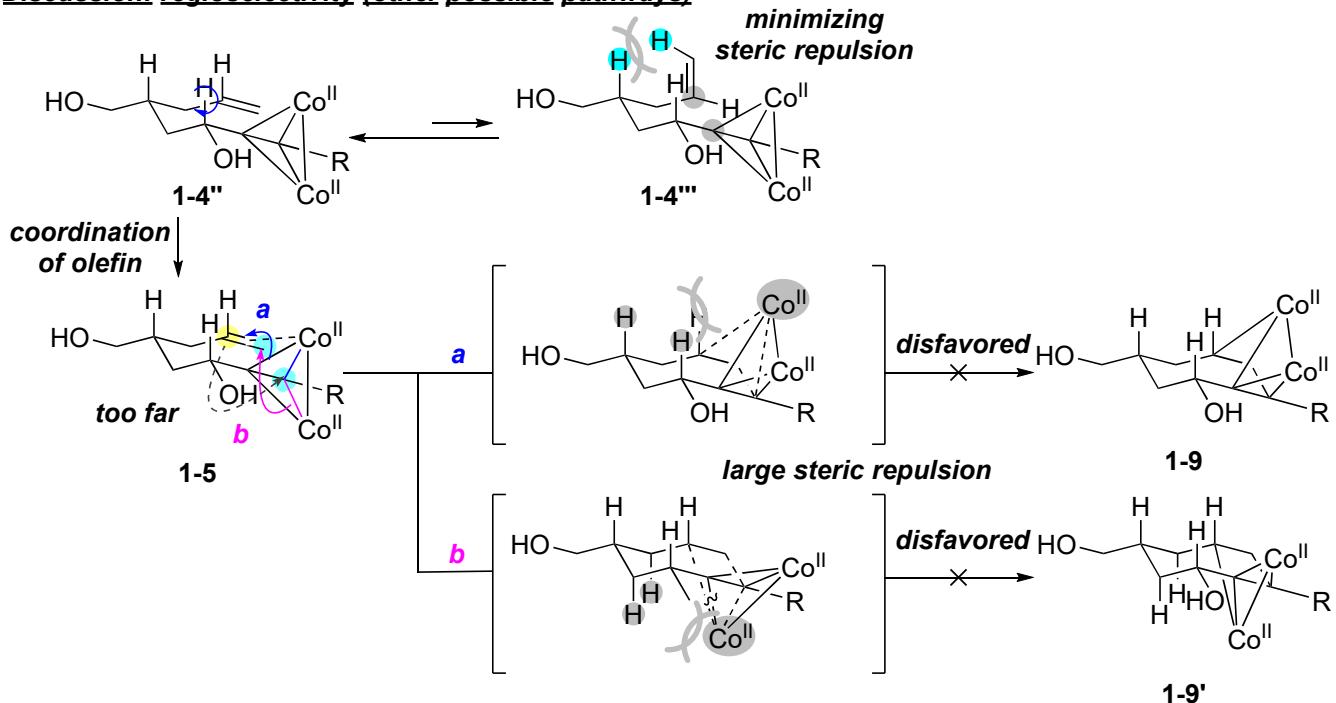


Nakayama, A.; Kogure, N.; Kitajima, M.; Takayama, H. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2011**, 50, 8025.

1.1 Reaction mechanism (condition A)

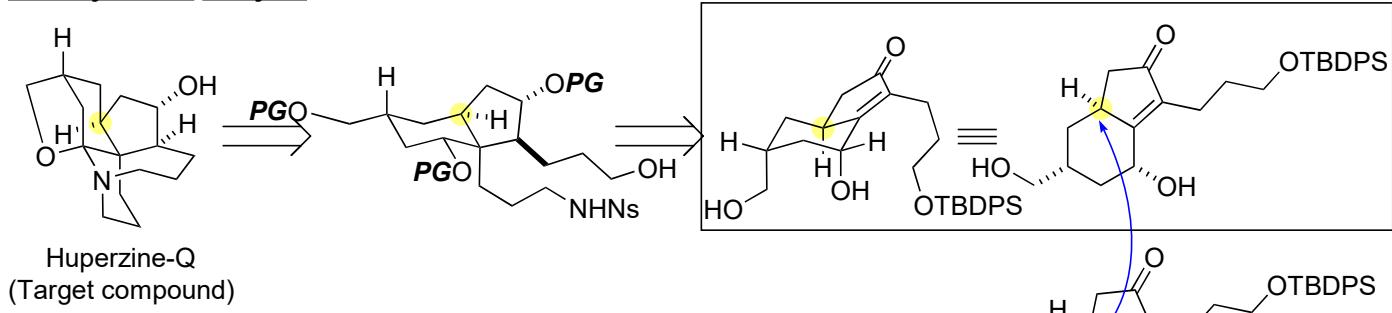


Discussion: regioselectivity (other possible pathways)

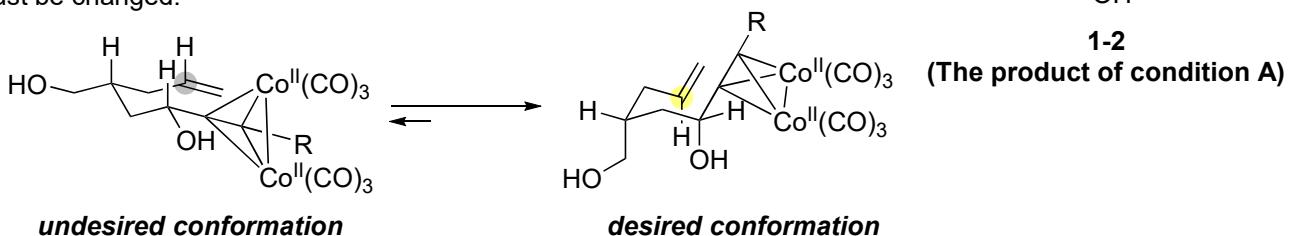


1.2 Background

Retrosynthetic analysis

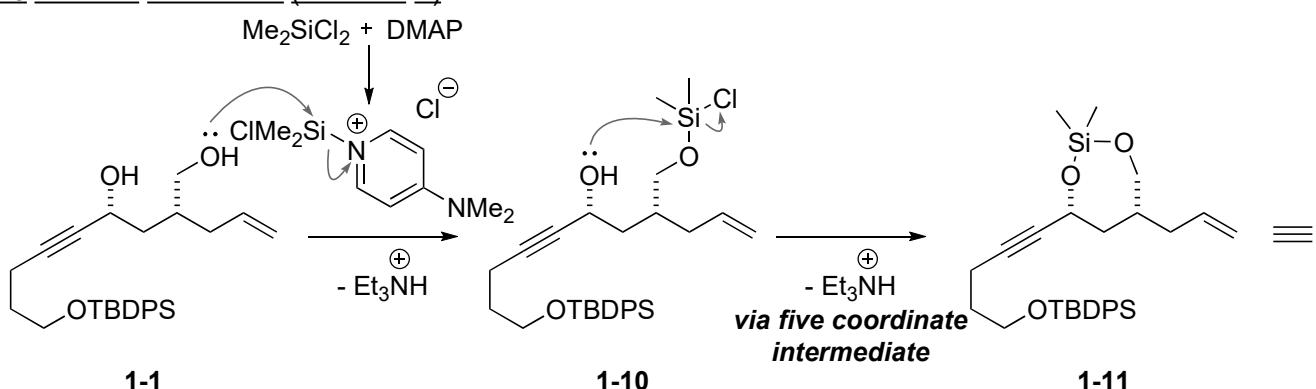


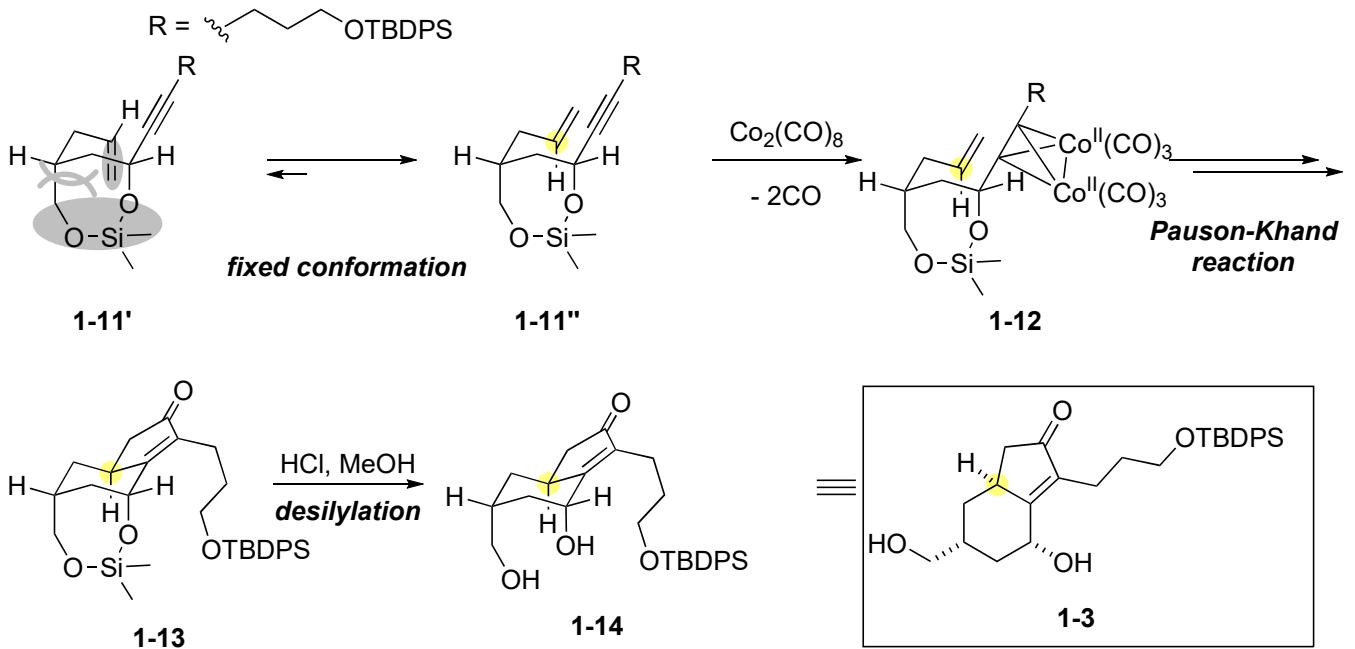
- In order to obtain the desired compound, the conformation of **1-4** must be changed.



→ By tethering two hydroxy groups using disposable silicon linkers, it would be possible to change the conformation.

1.3 Reaction mechanism (condition B)

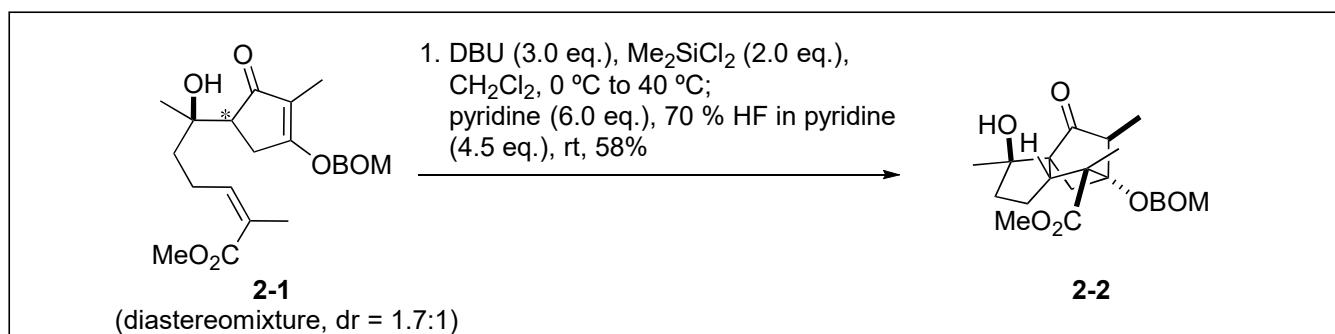




2. Problem 2

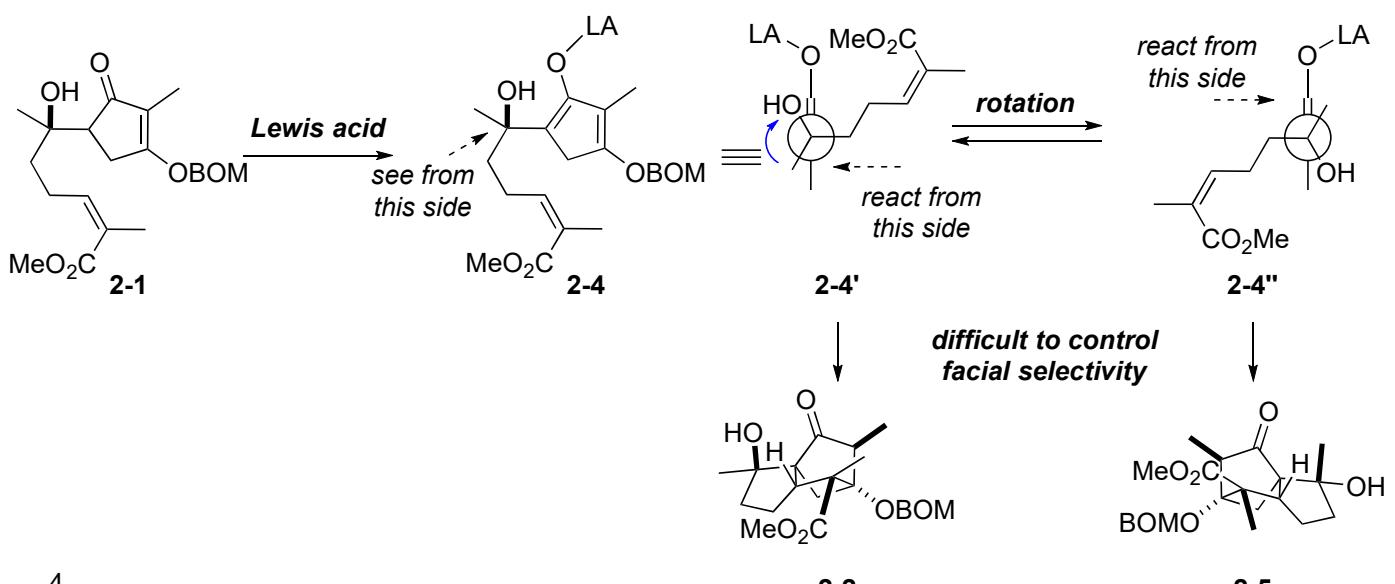
Burns, A. S.; Rychnovsky, S. D. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2019**, *141*, 13295.

2.1 Silicon-tethered intramolecular Diels-Alder reaction



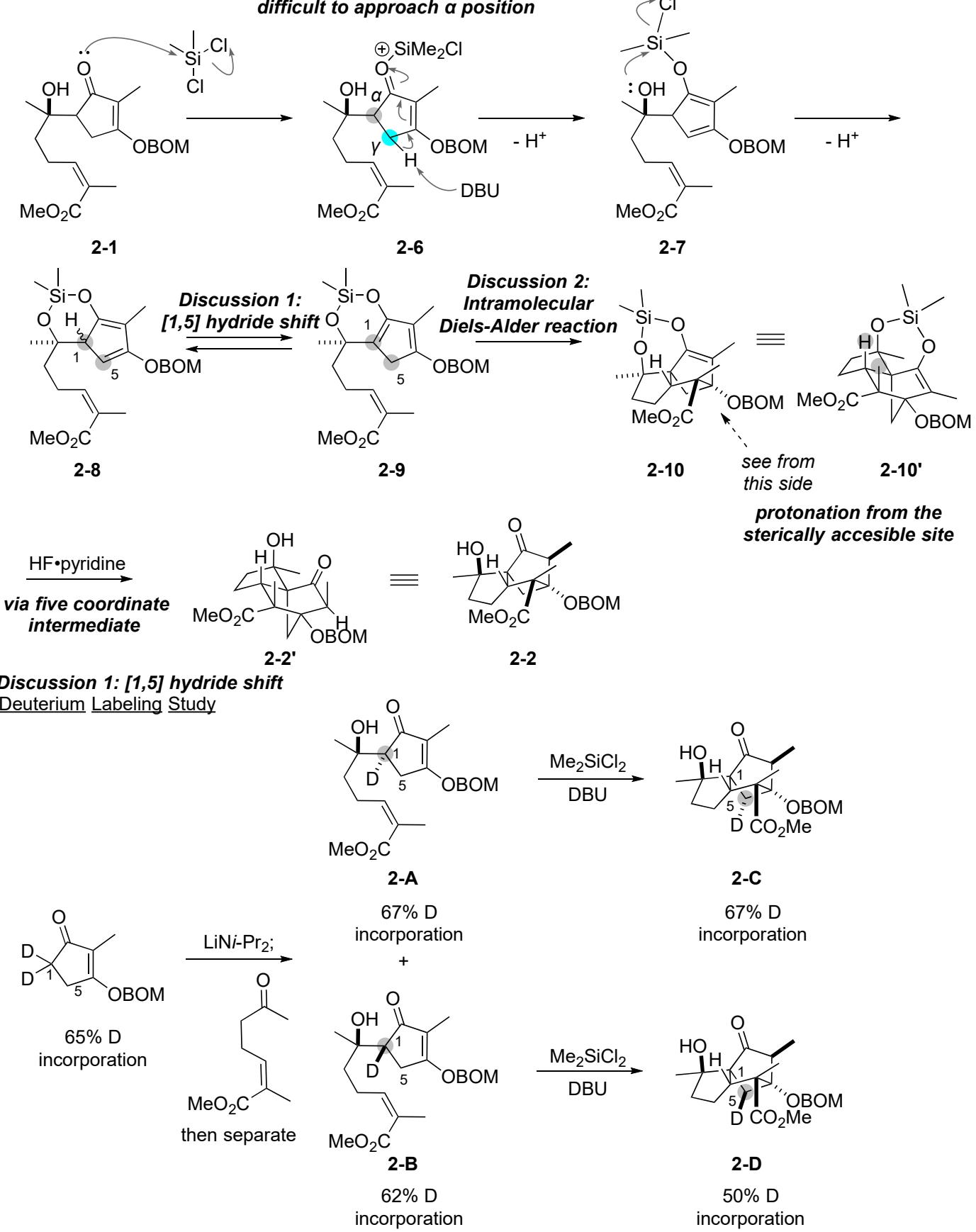
2.1.1 Background

Without Me_2SiCl_2 (ex. Lewis acid catalyzed Diels-Alder reaction, My opinion)



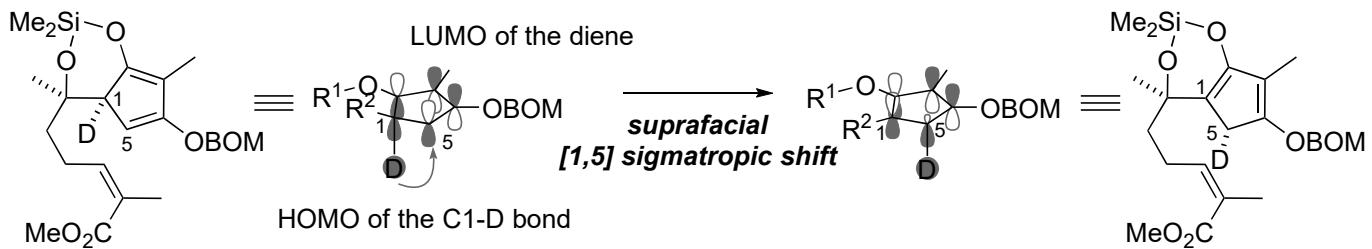
2.1.2 Reaction mechanism

difficult to approach α position



Subjecting 2-A and 2-B to the intramolecular Diels-Alder reaction conditions gave 2-C and 2-D, respectively, with near-quantitative deuterium migration to the γ -position.

→ The mechanism of formation for the reactive diene proceeds primarily through γ -deprotonation and [1,5] hydride shift.

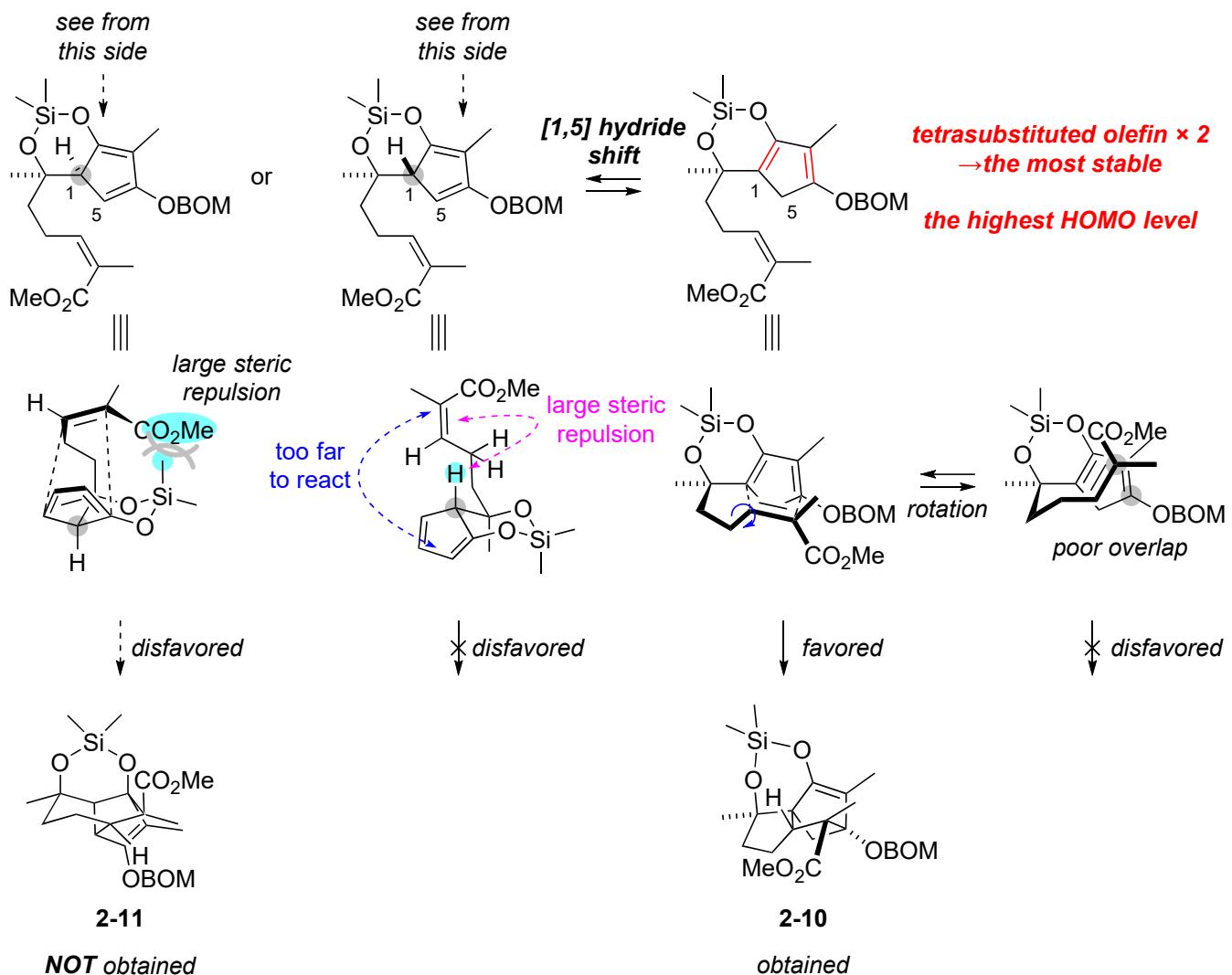


Furthermore, the diastereospecific migration between the two diastereomers strongly suggests that the migration occurs via a suprafacial [1,5] sigmatropic shift.

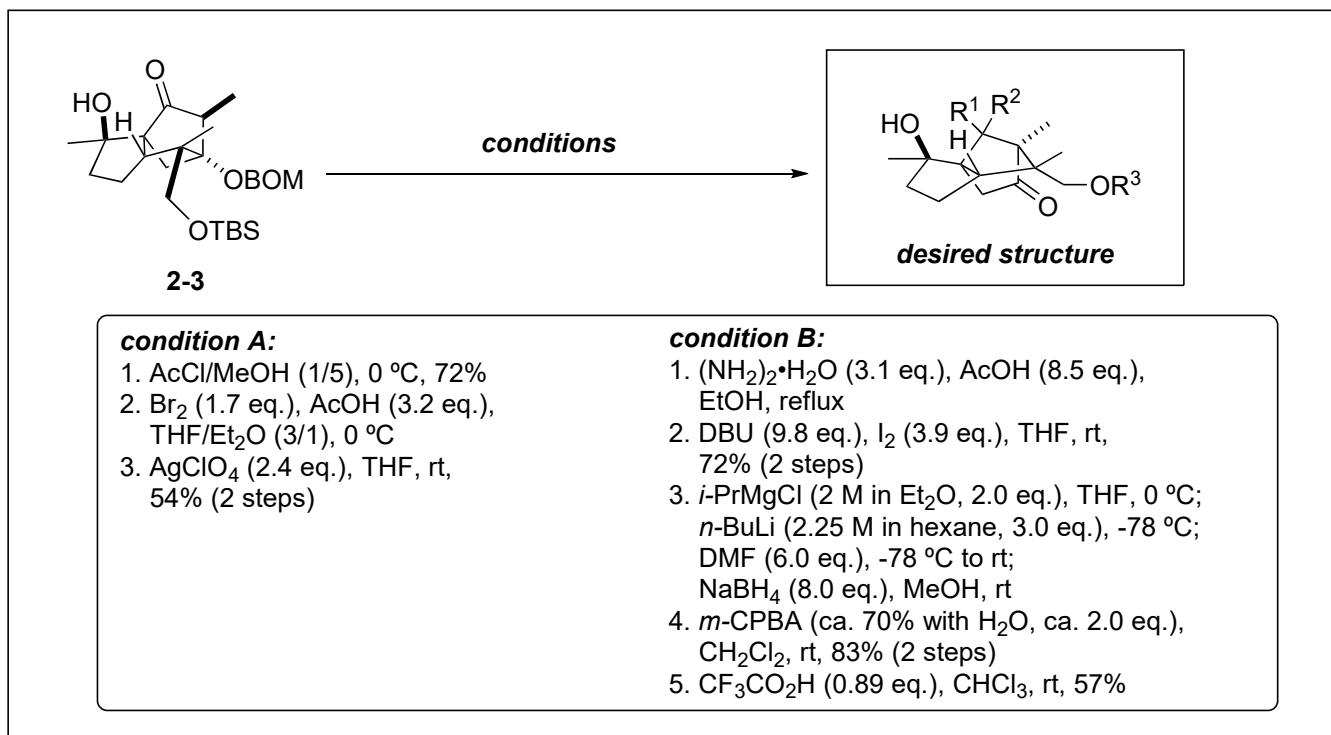
Carlson, P. R.; Burns, A. S.; Shimizu, E. A.; Wang, S.; Rychnovsky, S. D. *Org. Lett.* **2021**, 23, 2183.

Discussion 2: Intramolecular Diels-Alder reaction

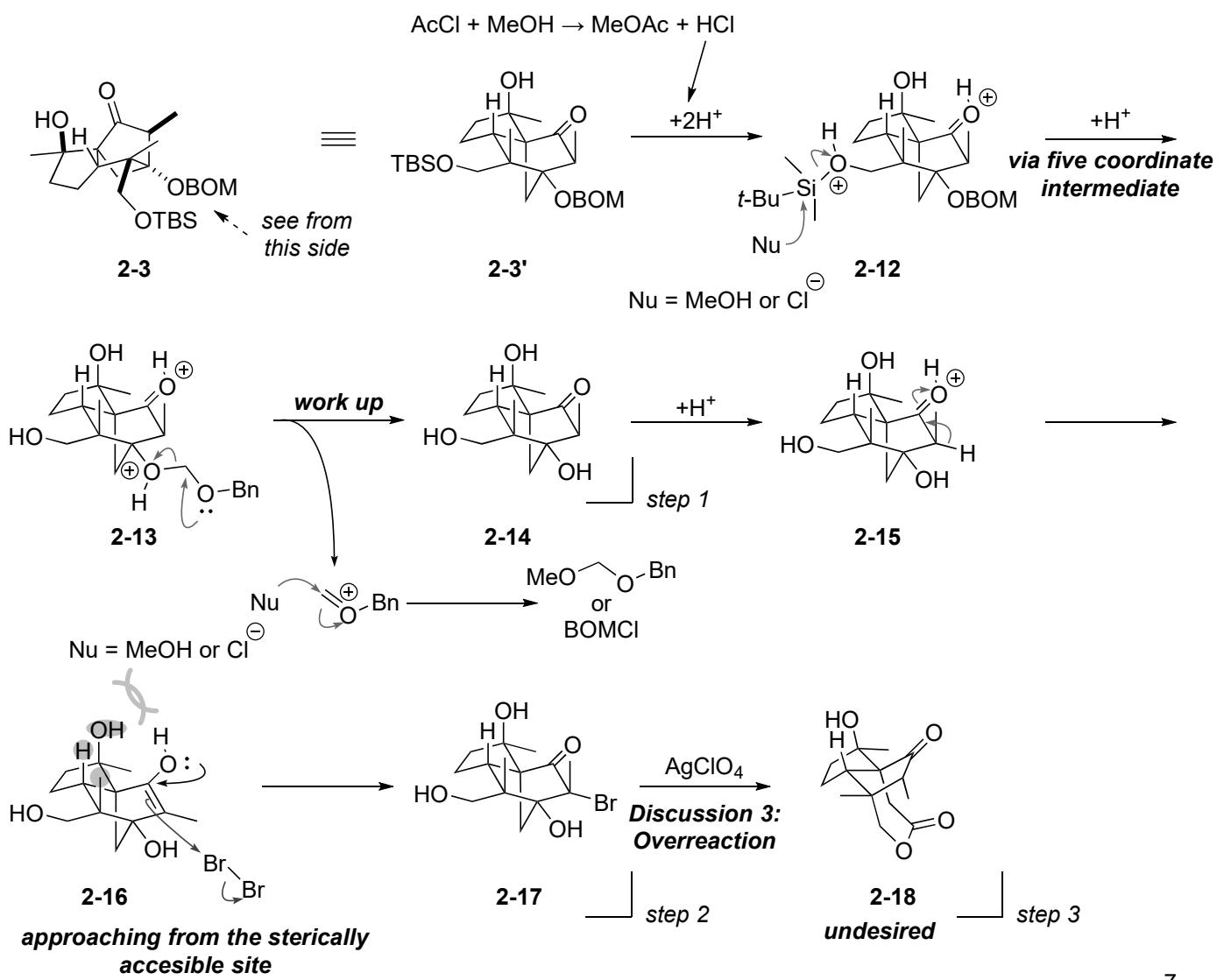
Due to the rigid silicon-containing 6-membered ring, the conformations are strictly determined.



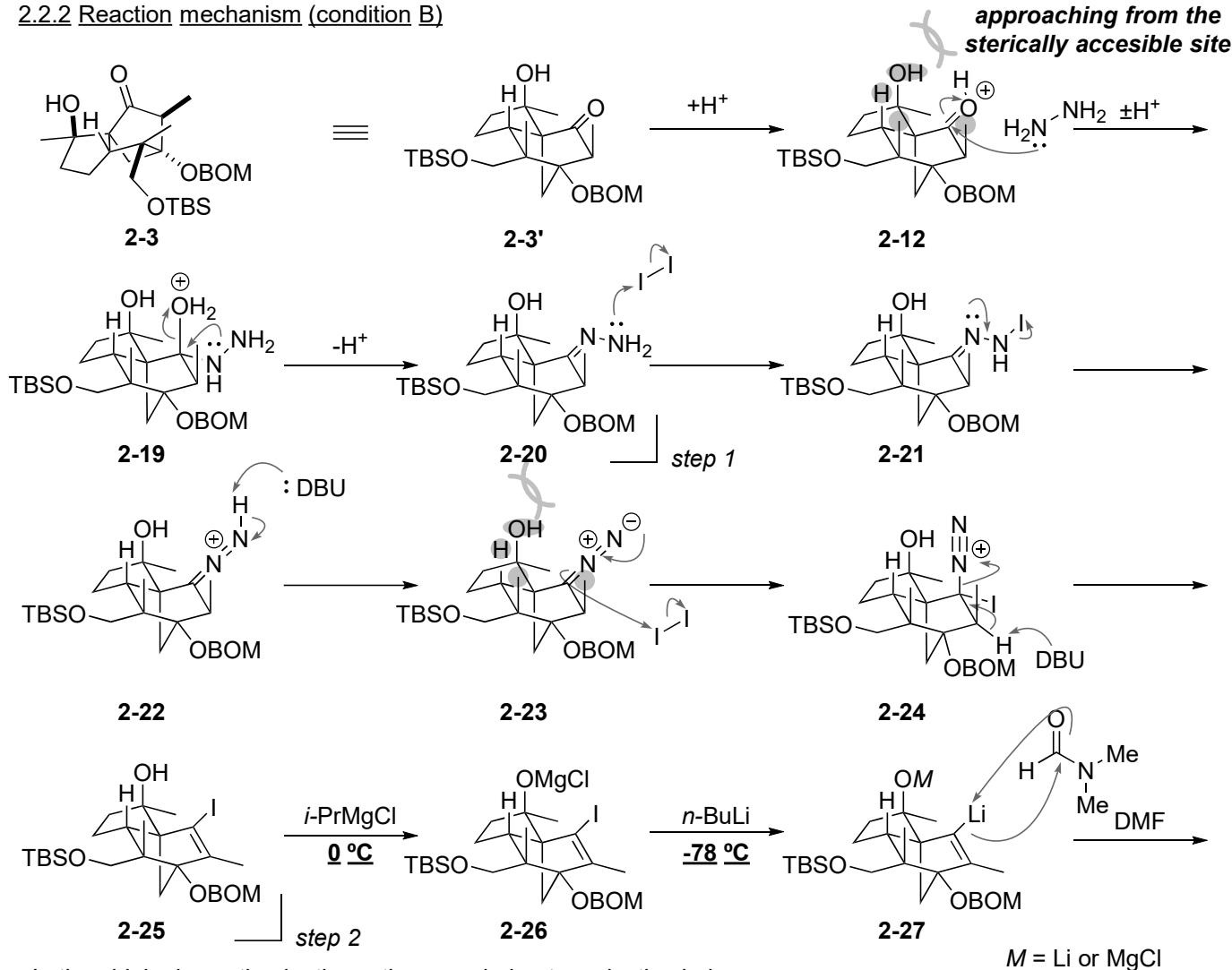
2.2 Generation of the desired trans 5,5-ring system



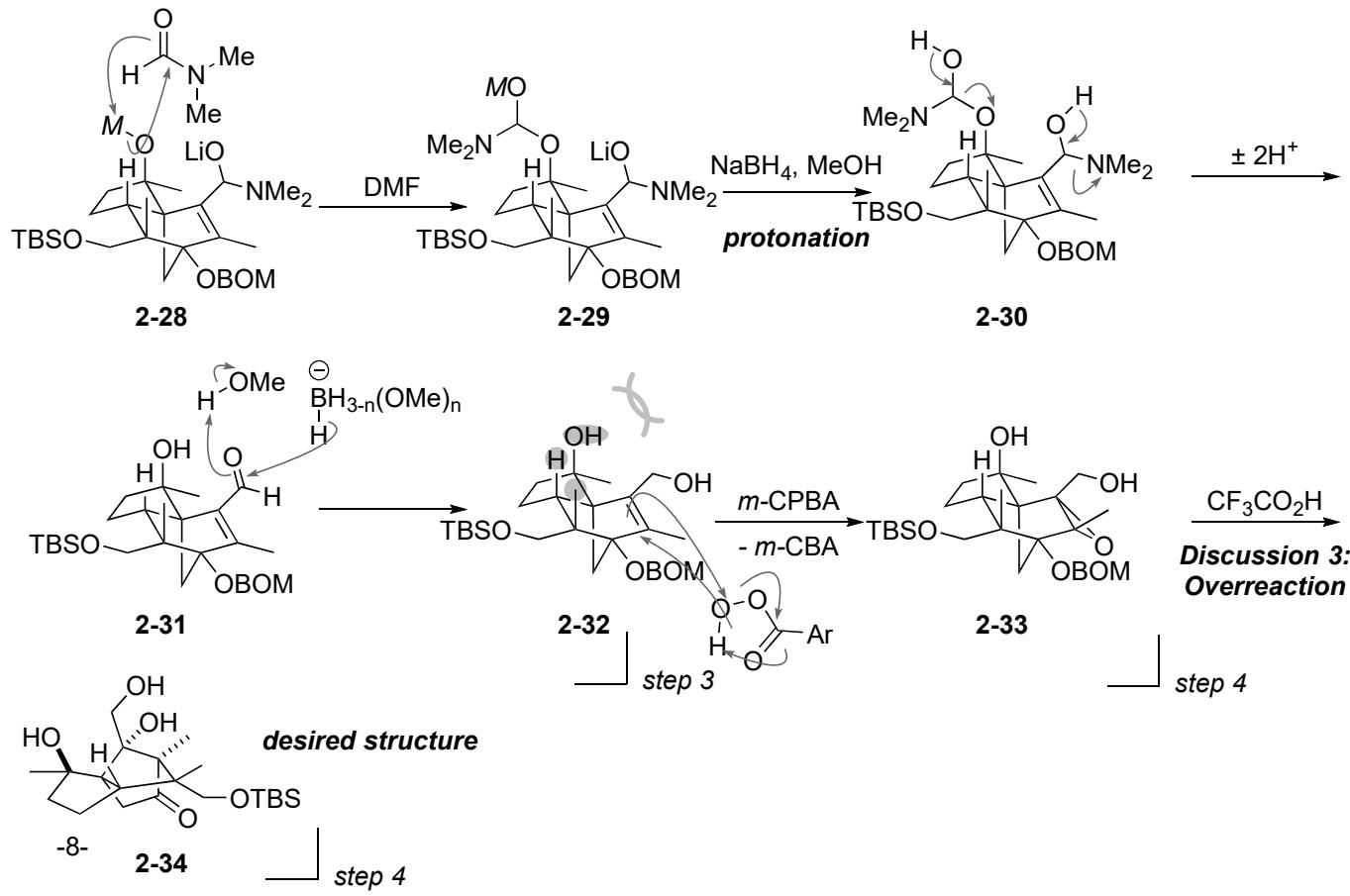
2.2.1 Reaction mechanism (condition A)



2.2.2 Reaction mechanism (condition B)

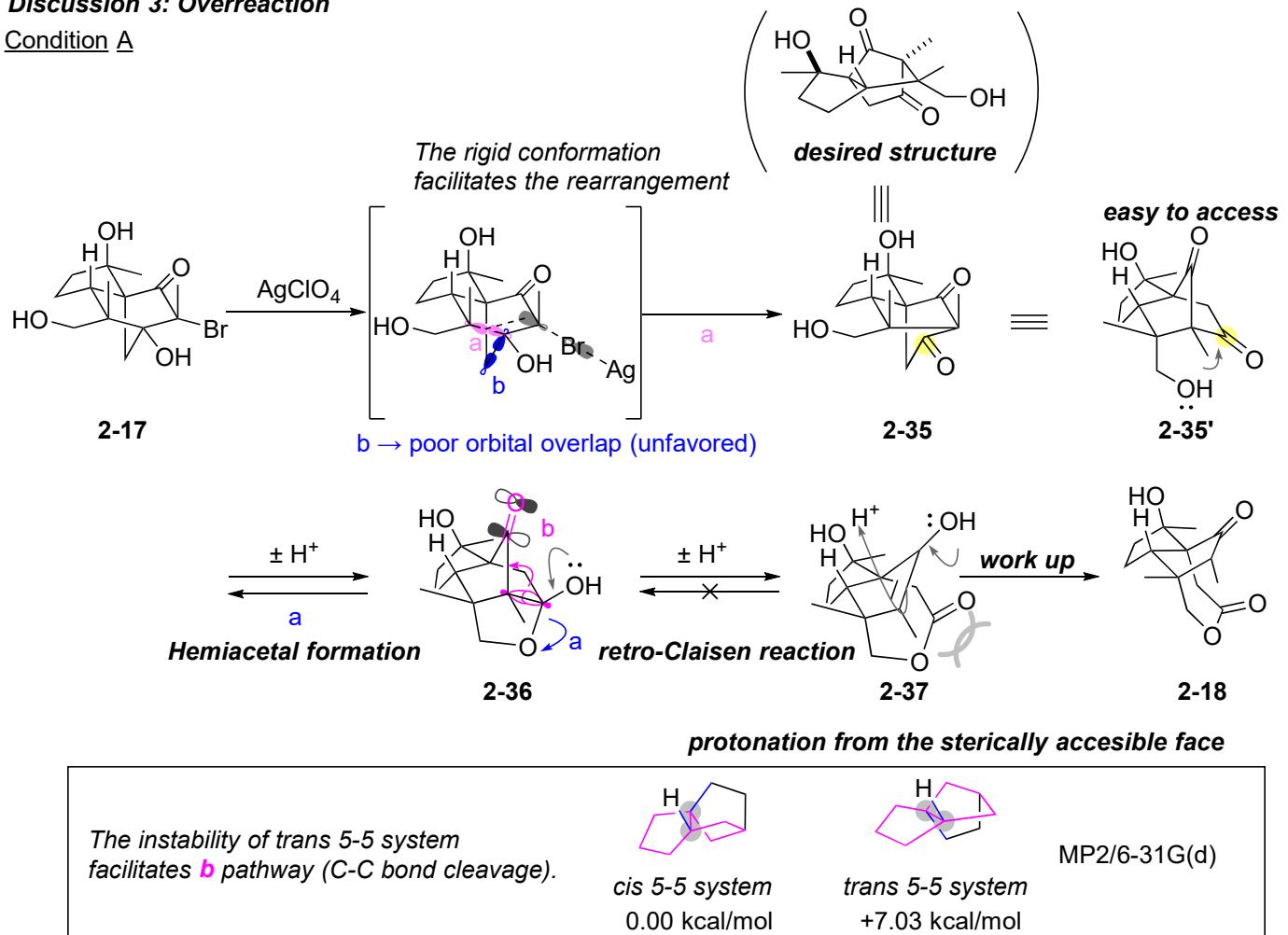


In the aldehyde synthesis, the authors carried out a selective halogen-metal exchange by using *i*-PrMgCl and *n*-BuLi.



Discussion 3: Overreaction

Condition A



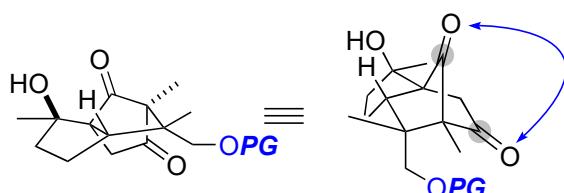
- In condition A, the desired structure was generated but an overreaction occurred. This overreaction was caused by...

1. Hemiacetal formation
2. Retro-Claisen reaction

→ In order to avoid the overreaction, there are two possible solutions.

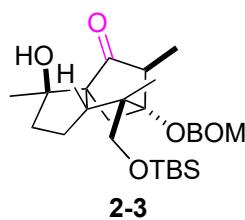
1. Protection of the hydroxy group (highlighted in blue) in order to prevent the hemiacetal formation

But, it would be difficult to control chemoselectivity between two ketones.



2. Conversion the ketone (highlighted in pink) before the semipinacol rearrangement in order to prevent the retro-Claisen reaction

It is easy to control chemoselectivity. Moreover, there is no need to drastically change the synthetic plan.



→ The author chose to install the ketone (highlighted in pink) first prior to the semipinacol rearrangement.

Condition B

